

# An Exploration on Perceptions of Young Smokers on Introduction of Cigarette Plain Packaging in Malaysia.

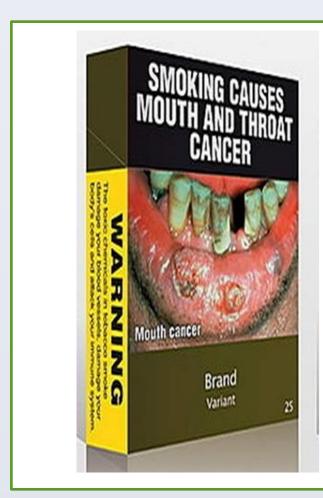
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#### **INTRODUCTION**

- Many countries reported higher smoking prevalence among young adults (Lennon, Gallois, Owen & McDermott, 2005; Ministry of Health, 2008).
- Past experimental studies, showed that smokers strongly prefer branded packs to plain packs (Germain, Wakefield & Durkin, 2010). Recognising this, public health researcher has called for plain packaging that would remove brand sign and replacing it with larger health warnings (Freeman, Chapman & Rimmer, 2008; Golberg, Liefield, Madill & Vredenburg, 1999).
- Summary of studies on effect on plain packaging indicates 3 primary benefits: increasing the effectiveness of health warnings, reduce brand appeal, and reduce false health beliefs of cigarette (Hammond & Parkison, 2009)
- Guidelines by WHOs' Framework Convention on Tobacco Control 2005 (FCTC) under Article 11 (Packaging And Labelling Of Tobacco Products) for Cigarette "Plain packaging" are as below:
  - restrict or prohibit the use of logos,
  - restrict or prohibit the use of colours
  - restrict or prohibit the use of brand images
  - restrict or prohibit the use of promotional information on packaging
  - a standard colour and font style for brand names and product names "



Australia Cigarette Plain Packaging (mandatory since December 2012)

- Logo-free
- Drab dark brown plain tobacco packaging
- Health warnings and any legally mandate information

Resource: Office of Parliamentary Counsel. (2013)
Canberra Tobacco Plain Packaging Act 2011 Select
Legislative Instrument No. 263, 2011 as amended.
https://www.comlaw.gov.au/Details/F2013C00801/D
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Status of Cigarette plain packaging around the world

	Countries	Status
	Australia	Implement Plain packaging since 1 December 2012. (1st country)
	United Kingdom	Compulsory May 2016
	Ireland	Compulsory May 2017
	New Zealand	February 2013 - plans to introduce plain packaging
	Turkey	September 2011 - was working on plain packaging regulations
	Norway	August 2012 – considering plain packaging.
	India	August 2012- considering plain packaging.
	Canada	August 2012 - considering plain packaging.
	Malaysia	Acts / Regulations on Plain packaging to be gazette 2018 ( <i>Pelan Strategik Kebangsaan Bagi Kawalan Tembakau 2015-2020</i> )

- In Malaysia, the prevalence of current smokers has increased, 23.1% (GATS, 2011) compared to 21.5% (NHMS,2006). The mean initiation age for smoking also gets younger, at 18.4 (GATS, 2011).
- Thus, this indicates there is a need for serious measures and initiatives to control tobacco consumption especially among young smokers.
- Apart from price increase, introduction of plain packaging is seen as another effective measure in reducing cigarette consumption as what has been successfully implemented in Australia.
- This study aims to introduce and induce perceptions from young adult smokers regarding plain packaging with the hope that the outcome of this study would give a better understanding on the perceptions and intentions of the target group related to introduction of plain packaging strategy in Malaysia.

#### **OBJECTIVE**

To explore the perceptions of young smokers on cigarette plain packaging and it's effect on their smoking behaviour.

#### **METHODOLOGY**

- Semi structured interview using a guided interview protocol
- Sampling method: Purposive
- The inclusion criteria compose of following requirement:
  - Current Young smokers (male and female within age range of 18 -25 years old)
  - Divided into 3 groups:
    - light smoker(<10sticks per day),
    - moderate smoker (<10-20> sticks per day) and
    - heavy smoker (> 20 sticks per day)
  - Six participants per group with additional if data saturation is not met.
- A prototype of plain packaging based on FCTC guidelines.
- Analysis method: Thematic analysis on existing behaviour framework and all new and emerging themes will be coded separately as a new codes and themes using Nvivo 8
- Interview guide

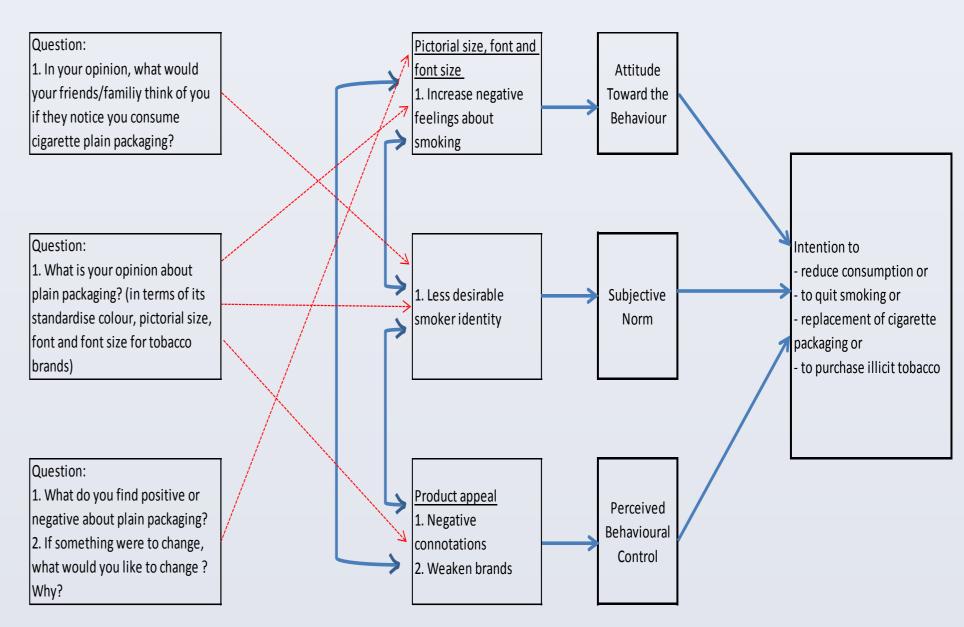


Figure 1: Theoritical Construct based on Theory of Planned Behaviour

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